What are the key features of 'knowledgerich' assessment for Music?

Subject	Features
Music	 At key stage 1, the sticky knowledge takes full account of the national curriculum's main characteristics of: Singing Playing an instrument Listening and Appreciating Creating own music
	 At key stage 2, the sticky knowledge takes full account of the national curriculum's main characteristics of: Performing Composing Listening Use and understand Appreciate History of Music
	There are relatively few assessment statements as these knowledge statements should be what pupils retain for ever. In other words, this knowledge is within their long-term memory and will be retained.
	When considering pupils' improvement in subject specific vocabulary, provide pupils with a vocabulary mat which contains all words used for music for their age group.

Music: Key Stage 1						
Singing		Playing an instrument	Listening and appreciate	Create own music		
Pupils should be taught to use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes		Pupils should be taught to play tuned and untuned instruments musically	Pupils should be taught to listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music	Pupils should be taught to experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music		
Year 1	 make different sounds with voice and with instruments follow instructions about when to play and sing 	 use instruments to perform and choose sounds to represent different things 	 say whether they like or dislike a piece of music 	 clap and repeat short rhythmic and melodic patterns make a sequence of sounds and respond to different moods in music 		
Year 2	 sing or clap increasing and decreasing tempo perform simple patterns and accompaniments keeping a steady pulse 	• play simple rhythmic patterns on an instrument	 make connections between notations and musical sounds 	 order sounds to create a beginning, middle and an end create music in response to different starting points 		

Music: Key Stage 2						
	Performing	Compose	Listen			
	play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression	improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music	listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory			
Year 3	 play clear notes on instruments and use different elements in composition 	 combine different sounds to create a specific mood or feeling 	 listen carefully and recognise high and low phrases 			
Year 4	 sing songs from memory with accurate pitch 	 use notation to record compositions in a small group or individually 	 explain why silence is often needed in music and explain what effect it has 			
Year 5	 maintain own part whilst others are performing their part 	 compose music which meets specific criteria choose the most appropriate tempo for a piece of music 	 repeat a phrase from the music after listening intently. 			
Year 6	 sing in harmony confidently and accurately perform parts from memory take the lead in a performance 	 use a variety of different musical devices in composition (including melody, rhythms and chords). 	 accurately recall a part of the music listened to 			

Music: Key Stage 2						
	Use and understand	Appreciate	History of music			
	use and understand staff and other musical notations	appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians	develop an understanding of the history of music			
Year 3	 create repeated patterns with different instruments improve my work; explaining how it has been improved 	 use musical words to describe a piece of music and compositions use musical words to describe what they like and do not like about a piece of music 	 recognise the work of at least one famous composer 			
Year 4	 use notation to record and interpret sequences of pitches 	 identify and describe the different purposes of music 	 begin to identify the style of work of Beethoven, Mozart and Elgar 			
Year 5	 use music diary to record aspects of the composition process 	 describe, compare and evaluate music using musical vocabulary explain why they think music is successful or unsuccessful 	 contrast the work of a famous composer with another and explain preferences 			
Year 6	 analyse features within different pieces of music 	 evaluate how the venue, occasion and purpose affects the way a piece of music is created 	compare and contrast the impact that different composers from different times have had on people of that time			